The Reformation: A Visual Timeline

- Birth of Protestantism
- Martin Luther posts 95 Theses
- Diet of Worms - Luther is excommunicated
- Theodore Beza
- John Calvin
- John Knox
- The English Reformation
- The Thirty Years' War
- The Great English Bible
- The London Baptist Confession of Faith

Key Events:
- 1200: The Great Schism
- 1215: The Magna Carta
- 1309: The Papacy relocates to Avignon
- 1378: The Council of Constance
- 1517: Martin Luther posts 95 Theses
- 1521: Luther appears at the Diet of Worms
- 1534: The Act of Supremacy
- 1545: The Council of Trent
- 1563: John Foxe's Book of Martyrs
- 1591: The Rainbow Bible
- 1689: The London Baptist Confession of Faith

Key Figures:
- Martin Luther
- John Calvin
- John Knox
- John Wycliffe
- John Huss
- Tyndale

Key Documents:
- 95 Theses
- The Commandments and the Law of Christ
- The Catechism
- The Heidelberg Catechism
- The Westminster Confession of Faith
- The London Baptist Confession of Faith

Key Themes:
- Grace Alone
- Faith Alone
- Scripture Alone

Key Locations:
- Wittenberg
- Geneva
- Prague
- London

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The Reformation was a pivotal period in history, leading to the establishment of Protestantism and the shaping of modern Christianity.